

Critical infrastructure protection: the responsibility of Government or of companies?

As delivered to the Joint Committee on the National Security Strategy
By Ben Goldsworthy (33576556)

Who's this talking?

- Computer Science BSc student at Lancaster University
- 5yrs' computing experience
- Interest in cybersecurity
- Daily user of many elements of critical national infrastructure, just like you



Source: Author

Just what is he talking about?

- Critical National Infrastructure (CNI)
- “[C]ritical elements of national infrastructure[...]the loss or compromise of which would result in[...]severe economic or social consequences or to loss of life.”¹
- Think power, water, the emergency services—all the stuff you’d rather not live without

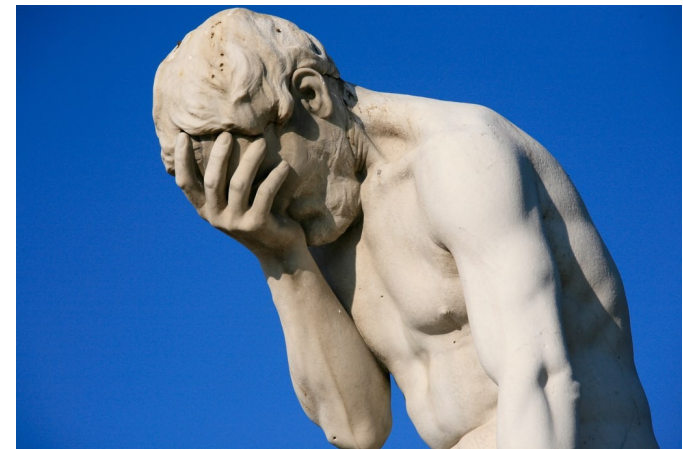


Source: CPNI

[1] <https://www.cpni.gov.uk/critical-national-infrastructure-0>

“Why is this our problem?”

- General security breach best-case scenario
 - Financial losses
 - Political embarrassment
 - Annoyed constituents
- But we’re talking about *critical* national infrastructure
- Remember that quote from the last slide?
- “...severe economic or social consequences or[...]loss of life”.¹



Source: Wikipedia Commons

[1] <https://www.cpni.gov.uk/critical-national-infrastructure-0>

Let's look at an example

- The UK is aiming to have all households using smart meters by 2020
- Smart meters “can tell you how much energy you are using” and “communicate directly with your energy supplier”.²
- As of 2016, “there are now 4.9 million meters operating across Britain”.²
- Sounds pretty benign, right? Handy, even.



Source: BBC

[2] <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/smart-meters-how-they-work>

But in reality...

- Smart meters are massively insecure
- “The guys making the[...]might not know a lot about making them secure. The guys making head-end systems know a lot about making them secure, but not about what vulnerabilities might be built into them”.³
- “The FBI assesses[...]that as Smart Grid use continues to[...]fraud will also spread because of the ease of intrusion”.⁴



Source: BGR

[3] <https://www.ft.com/content/ca2d7684-ed15-11e5-bb79-2303682345c8>

[4] <http://krebsonsecurity.com/2012/04/fbi-smart-meter-hacks-likely-to-spread/>

“No big deal, they’re only meters.”

- They’re used for automatic monitoring of usage by energy providers, cutting off those who don’t pay their bills and suchlike
- Get control of the meters, and you can tell British Gas that Joe Bloggs no longer wants any electricity
- What do you know, neither do any of his neighbours...
- Or anyone in his town...
- Or his county...



Source: National Geographic


“Psh. Blackouts, schmackouts.”

- On Dec 23rd 2015, Ukraine experienced the world’s first power grid hack
- Power went down at 15:30 for ~6hrs
- If that were to happen only in London this Monday:⁵
- Oh look, we’ve found that £350mil we were promised for the NHS



Source: *Business Insider*

► Scenario: Afternoon Tea, Interrupted

Blackout region and time 

Date: 01/31/2017 from 13 o'clock

Duration: 6 hours

Regions: UKI2 Outer London
UKI1 Inner London

[Add blackout region and time](#)

Energy not supplied: 36.96 GWh
Damage costs: 350.84 million Euro*

*Results are adjusted for inflation.

Export damage report: [pdf](#) [csv](#)

[5] <http://www.blackout-simulator.com/>

There's more to it than the money

- The water grid is CNI
- A building without running water is considered unsuitable for life (cf. 9/11)
- “Damage to or destruction of the nation’s water supply[...]could disrupt the delivery of vital human services[...]threatening public health and the environment, or possibly causing loss of life.”⁶



Source: *The Odyssey Daily*

[6] <https://fas.org/sgp/crs/terror/RL32189.pdf>

It'll take a joint effort

- “About 80% of UK CNI is owned and run by the private sector...”⁷
- Private firms should be responsible for securing their own systems
- Someone needs to be able to hold them to account
- But what else can you do?



Source: *The Huffington Post*

[7] <http://www.computerweekly.com/news/1280097313/Is-UK-critical-national-infrastructure-properly-protected>

Old dogs...

- A big issue with smart meters is that “old-style[...]meter makers[...]are typically metal bashers rather than technology companies, and don't fully understand the complexities of the smart meters they have been asked to design.”⁸
- You can have all the fancy security in the world; if John Q. Engineer still thinks using default passwords is secure, it's no use.



Source: VetStreet

[8] <http://www.theinquirer.net/inquirer/news/2451793/gchq-intervenes-to-prevent-catastrophically-insecure-uk-smart-meter-plan>

...new tricks

- Funding is needed for nationwide training
- This is your area of expertise and influence
- The introduction of computing to the national curriculum was good start
- Security focus is needed



Source: Author

Thank you

